

The accusative case — practise and choose the right form

Level: A1+–A2 · 25 min

Objective

By the end, you will recognise several direct objects in the accusative in simple sentences.

Discover

Compare: djali vjen / shoh djalin. Does the same noun keep exactly the same form?

Understand

The Albanian accusative is used notably for direct objects. In Shoh djalin, djalin is what I see. In Blej librin, librin is what I buy. The form also depends on whether the noun is definite or indefinite.

Examples

- Shoh djalin.
- Blej librin.
- Hap derën.
- Pi kafënë.
- Lexoj gazetën.
- Takova mësesin.

Remember

In a simple sentence, ask who/what after the verb: the resulting group is often the direct object and takes the expected accusative form.

Exercises

1. For “The accusative case”, sort the items using the lesson rule.
2. “djalin”: which category does it belong to?
objet masculin défini • objet féminin défini
3. “librin”: which category does it belong to?
objet masculin défini • objet féminin défini
4. “mësesin”: which category does it belong to?
objet masculin défini • objet féminin défini
5. “derën”: which category does it belong to?
objet féminin défini • objet masculin défini
6. “kafenë”: which category does it belong to?
objet féminin défini • objet masculin défini
7. “gazetën”: which category does it belong to?
objet féminin défini • objet masculin défini
8. Complete correctly: Shoh ____ (djali)
9. Complete correctly: Blej ____ (libri)
10. Complete correctly: Hap ____ (dera)
11. Complete correctly: Pi ____ (kafaja)
12. Complete correctly: Lexoj ____ (gazeta)
13. Complete correctly: Takova ____ (mësesi)
14. For “The accusative case”: match each item to the correct category.
15. Complete this “The accusative case” example: “Blej ____.”
16. Rebuild this “The accusative case” sentence in a natural order.
derën / Hap / .
17. Complete this “The accusative case” example: “Pi ____.”

18. Rebuild this "The accusative case" sentence in a natural order.

Lexoj / . / gazetën

19. Complete this "The accusative case" example: "Takova ____."

20. Rebuild this "The accusative case" sentence in a natural order.

. / Shoh / djalín

21. Complete this "The accusative case" example: "Blej ____."

22. Rebuild this "The accusative case" sentence in a natural order.

derën / . / Hap

Answer key

1. djalín objet masculin défini; librin objet masculin défini; mësuesin objet masculin défini; derën objet féminin défini; kafënë objet féminin défini; gazetën objet féminin défini

Each item is sorted using the exact criterion introduced in the lesson.

2. objet masculin défini

“djalín” belongs to the category “objet masculin défini”.

3. objet masculin défini

“librin” belongs to the category “objet masculin défini”.

4. objet masculin défini

“mësuesin” belongs to the category “objet masculin défini”.

5. objet féminin défini

“derën” belongs to the category “objet féminin défini”.

6. objet féminin défini

“kafenë” belongs to the category “objet féminin défini”.

7. objet féminin défini

“gazetën” belongs to the category “objet féminin défini”.

8. djalín

The expected form is “djalín”.

9. librin

The expected form is “librin”.

10. derën

The expected form is “derën”.

11. kafënë

The expected form is “kafenë”.

12. gazetën

The expected form is “gazetën”.

13. mësuesin

The expected form is “mësuesin”.

14. djalín objet masculin défini; librin objet masculin défini; derën objet féminin défini; kafënë objet féminin défini

The matches use the categories practised in the lesson.

15. librin

The missing word is “librin”. Full sentence: “Blej librin.”.

16. Hap derën .

The rebuilt sentence is: “Hap derën.”.

17. kafënë

The missing word is “kafenë”. Full sentence: “Pi kafënë.”.

18. Lexoj gazetën .

The rebuilt sentence is: “Lexoj gazetën.”.

19. mësuesin

The missing word is “mësuesin”. Full sentence: “Takova mësuesin.”.

20. Shoh djalín .

The rebuilt sentence is: “Shoh djalín.”.

21. librin

The missing word is “librin”. Full sentence: “Blej librin.”.

22. Hap derën .

The rebuilt sentence is: “Hap derën.”.